

# Intelligent User Task Oriented Systems

## What ?

- Provide the user with a system having knowledge of her **day-to-day tasks**
- TIM should be able to recognize that a task is being run
  - allows for some anticipation
  - relieves the user from much routine procedures
- Both the tasks and how they are to be lead are **specific to each user**

## Why (should we care)?

- User often performs similar tasks, in a similar manner
- Current desktop oriented systems: disconnected set of generic tools  
*e.g. when performing a specific task, user often re-enters or copies information between applications, that is already available in her desktop!*

## How ?

- By defining a formal and well-defined semantics for the task modeling language
- The challenge: task definition should be
  - simple: for the novice user to define her tasks, for the system to learn new tasks
  - powerful: for really aid the user gain in efficiency
- 1<sup>st</sup> approach: the user defines herself a task decomposition (HTA)
  - given **example runs** of each subtask, the system infers missing parts of the task
- 2<sup>nd</sup> approach: task-aware environment keeps track of user actions
  - from **frequent patterns**, new task specifications are proposed to the user, to gradually build up task hierarchies

## Results so far...

- Underlying OntoPIM system allowing user to organize and access her desktop data according to a Personal Ontology
- Task definition language based on the idea of combining
  - **task decomposition**: a task is decomposed into a set of subtasks
  - **plan language**: to describe for each task, the execution plan of its subtasks (limited to sequences, alternatives and repetitions)
  - **data mapping**: input from/output to the Personal Ontology

